

Продовольственная и сельскохозяйственная организация Объединенных Наций



остановим эрозию почв спасем наше будущее Всемирный день почв

5 ДЕКАБРЯ 2019



Global Soil Partnership Yuxin Tong

Soil erosion: a global challenge

Yuxin Tong, GSP Secretariat, FAO

Soils

The foundation for life No soil, no life!





Protecting our soils means moving towards #Zerohunger

Soils provide key ecosystem services



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Global soils at risk



Number 1 threat



Soil erosion Natural causes

« Accelerated removal of topsoil from the land surface » (FAO & ITPS, 2015)

WATER EROSION / SPLASH EFFECT



WIND EROSION



(Fernandez-Raga et al., 2017)





Dust and storm, Nyngan, Australia **Photo:** Peter Robey/DPIE

Soil erosion Human-induced causes

« Accelerated removal of topsoil from the land surface » (FAO & ITPS, 2015)



Soil erosion is significantly increased and accelerated by unsustainable human activities (up to 1 000 times)



 IMPROPER LAND-USE
 CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES

 CHANGES
 ОСТАНОВИМ ЭРОЗИЮ ПОЧВ СПАСЕМ НАШЕ БУДУЩЕЕ

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Different patterns of soil erosion







SUBSURFACE

GULLY

SHEET AND RILLS









CROP/ROOT-HARVESTING



STREAM-BANK



COASTAL

Soil erosion The issue

33% of the Earth's soils are already degraded and **over 90% could become degraded by 2050**

Half of the topsoil on the planet has been lost in the last 150 years.



"One of the biggest soil threat" (FAO & ITPS, 2015)

Consequences of soil erosion On-site consequences

Loss of soil quality and C emissions



Consequences of soil erosion On-site consequences



Crop production loss

0.3% of annual global crop yield reduction per year, equivalent to a total reduction of about 10% by 2050.

Farm profitability and revenues

At EU level, soil erosion affects over 12 million hectares of land – about 7.2% of the total agricultural land – and leads to $\mathbf{\in 1.25}$ billion loss in crop productivity and $\mathbf{\in 155}$ million in the gross domestic product (GDP) loss



Land abandonment and migration

Over 68 million people have been displaced from their homes worldwide, many for issues related to climate. Soil erosion only exacerbates the effects of climate change

Consequences of soil erosion Off-site consequences







Consequences of soil erosion Off-site consequences

Even seen from **space**



A worldwide issue with no borders

How does the Global Soil Partnership address soil erosion ?

"The mandate of the GSP is to **improve governance** of the limited soil resources of the planet in order to guarantee healthy and productive soils for a food secure world, as well as support other essential ecosystem services"





Pillar 1 Promoting SSM



Pillar 2

Encourage

investment.

technical

cooperation, policy, education, awareness and



Pillar 3 Promoting research and development Pillar 4 Improvement of soil information and data



Pillar 5 Harmonization of methods, measurements and indicators

extension ОСТАНОВИМ ЭРОЗИЮ ПОЧВ СПАСЕМ НАШ <u>http://www.fao.org/</u> ВСЕМИРНЫЙ ДЕНЬ ПОЧВ | 5 ДЕКАБРЯ <u>global-soil-partnership/en/</u>

Soil erosion, Key focus of the GSP/ITPS in 2019







Implementation of the GSER recommendations





E CE

THEME 1: Soil erosion assessment tools and data; creation, consolidation and harmonization

THEME 2: Policies and practices in action to address soil erosion THEME 3: The economics of soil erosion prevention, management, remediation

Capacity-development Awareness-raising Data and information



Country-driven

More references...



Voluntary Guidelines for Sustainable Soil Management







http://www.fao.org /3/ca4395en/ca439 5en.pdf

http://www.fao.org/3 /a-bl813e.pdf http://www.fao.org/3 /ca5697en/ca5697en. pdf

http://www.fao.org/3/i5 199e/i5199e.pdf

